

Is C_7^- Really a Diffuse Interstellar Band Carrier???

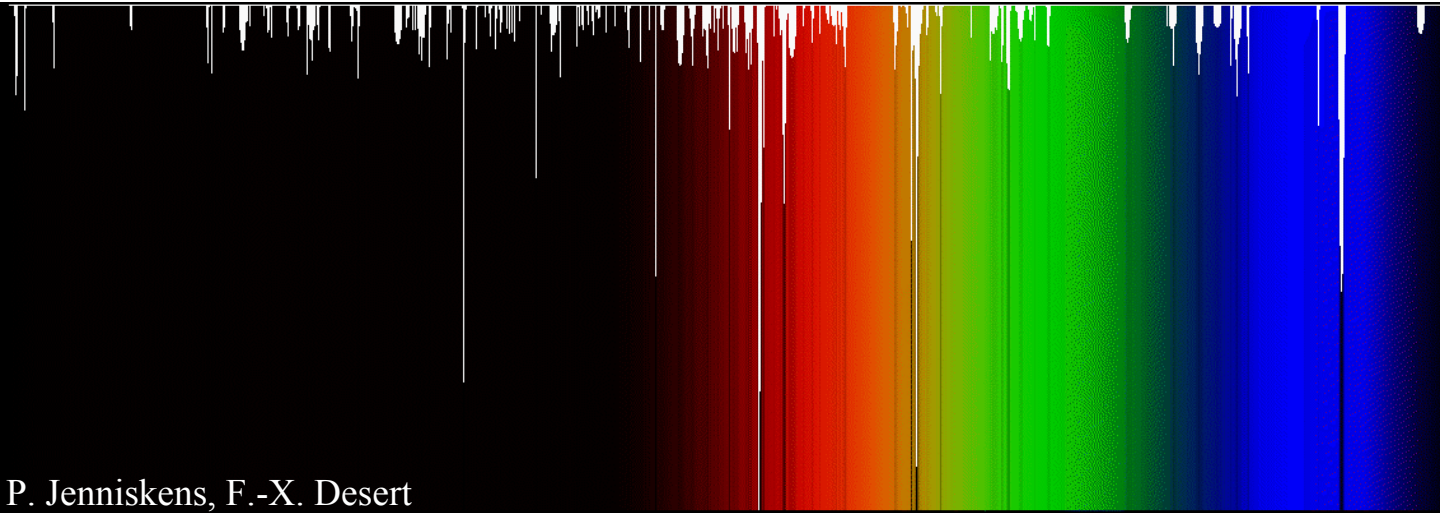
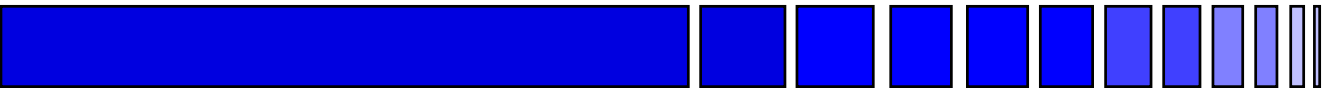
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Special Thanks to John Maier

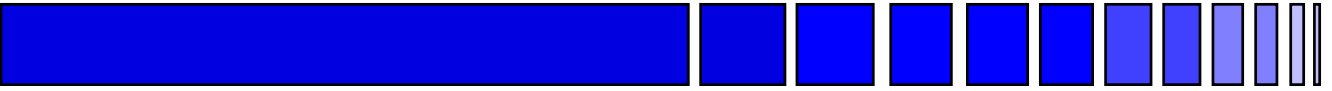
Diffuse Interstellar Bands



P. Jenniskens, F.-X. Desert

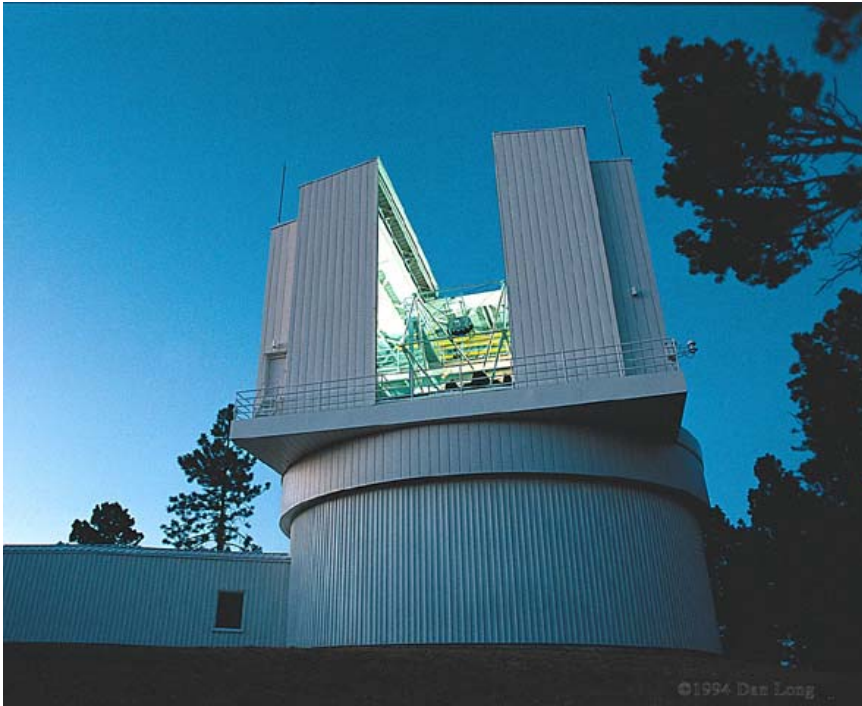
- ★ Over 200 sharp and broad (“diffuse”) bands
- ★ Seen in absorption against reddened stars
- ★ Range from $\sim 4430 \text{ \AA}$ to $>8000 \text{ \AA}$
- ★ Associated with diffuse ($n \sim 10^2 \text{ cm}^{-3}$) clouds
- ★ Not all correlated; roughly increase with E_{B-V}
- ★ Long-standing astrophysical mystery!
(also CH^+ and H_3^+)

Diffuse Cloud Survey



- Visible spectroscopy of DIBs, atoms, diatomics
 - Apache Point Observatory (APO)
- Ultraviolet spectra of H, H₂, C, C⁺, CO
 - Far Ultraviolet Spectroscopic Explorer (FUSE)
 - Hubble Space Telescope (HST)
- Infrared spectroscopy of H₃⁺ and CO
 - United Kingdom Infrared Telescope (UKIRT)
 - Phoenix (Kitt Peak → Cerro Tololo)
 - Subaru (Japan Large National Telescope)
- “World’s largest correlation analysis”
- Large collaboration
 - Chicago: York, Hobbs, Thorburn, Welty, Oka, McCall
 - Colorado: Snow, Rachford
 - Johns Hopkins: Friedman, Sonnentrucker
 - Gemini: Geballe
 - NOAO: Hinkle
 - Subaru: Goto, Kobayashi, Terada, Usuda

Apache Point Observatory



3.5 meter telescope

near Alamogordo,
New Mexico

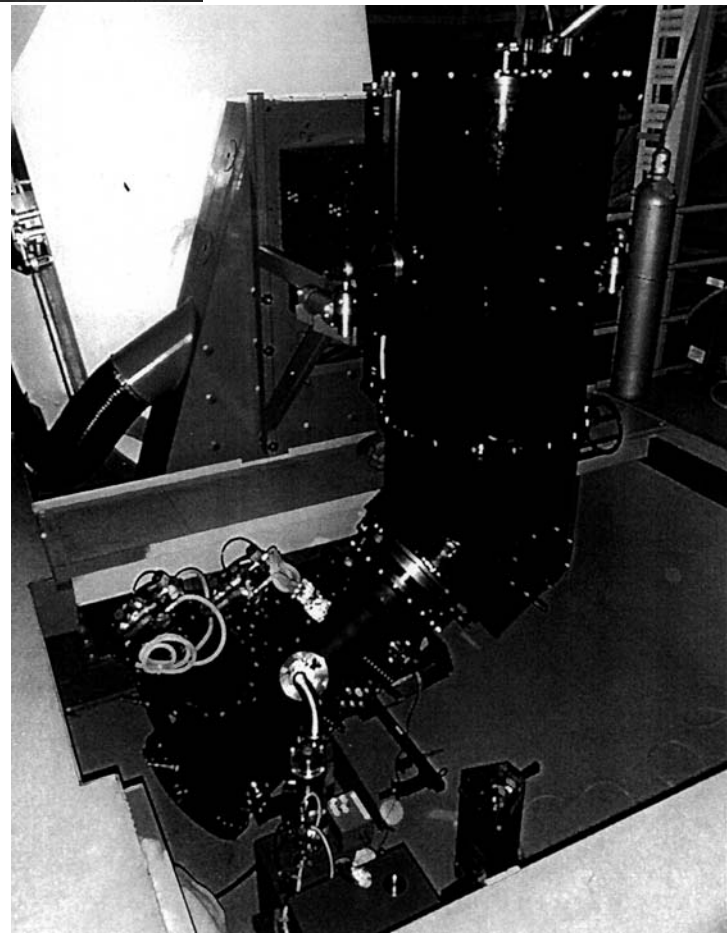
Astrophysical
Research
Consortium

Echelle Spectrometer:

Blazeless spectrum from
4000 — 10,000 Å
in single exposure

High resolution
($\lambda / \Delta\lambda \sim 37,500$)

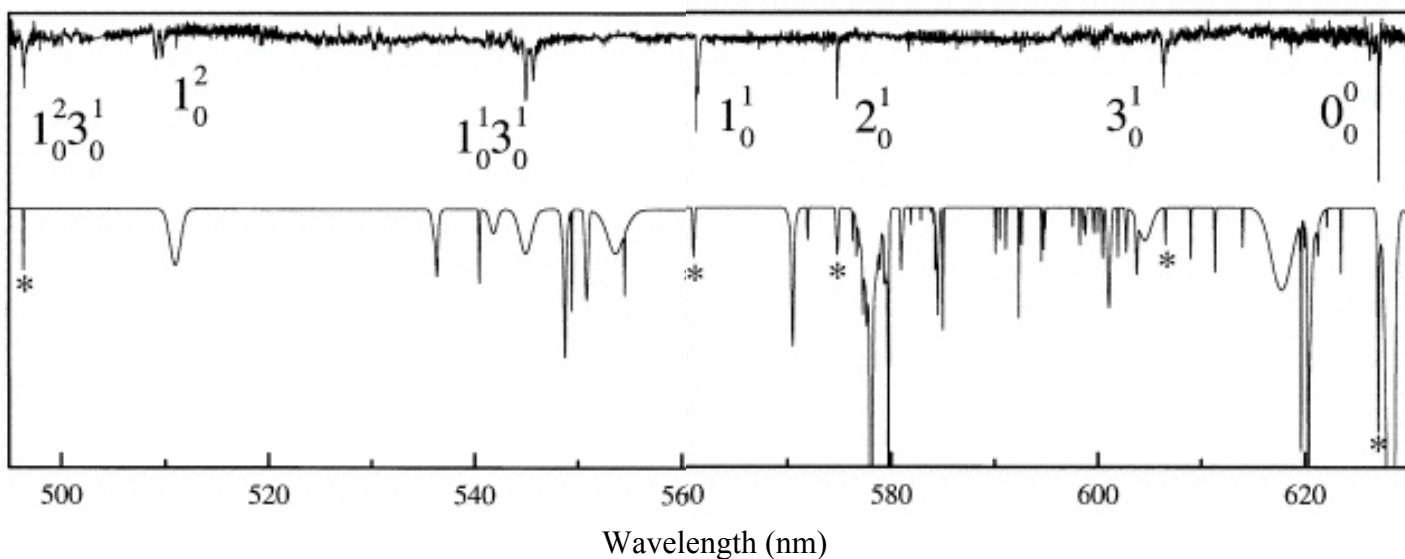
High sensitivity
(S/N~1000)



The C₇⁻ Hypothesis

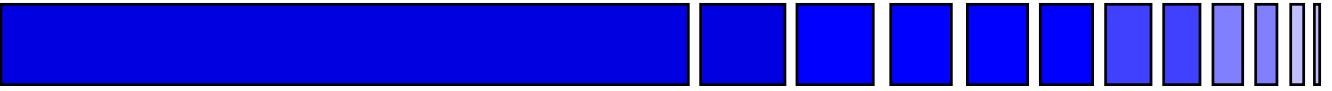
M. Tulej et al., *Astrophys. J.* 506, L69 (1998)

- Gas phase spectrum by Maier's group
 - mass-selection of ion beam
 - resonance-enhanced two-color photodetachment
 - low resolution, limit of sensitivity
 - seven vibronic bands of A←X
 - several (broad) bands of B←X



- Comparison with DIB catalog of Jenniskens
 - five A←X bands agree within 2 Å
 - astronomical lines marginal (except 0_0^0)
 - promising, but not convincing
 - experiment didn't yield constants
 - difficult to determine temperature dependence

Our Initial Comparison



B. J. McCall, D. G. York, & T. Oka, *Astrophys. J.* 531, 329 (2000)

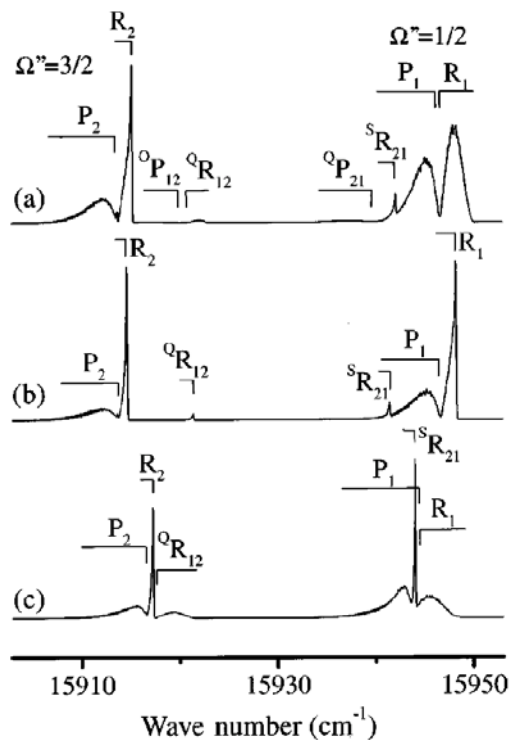
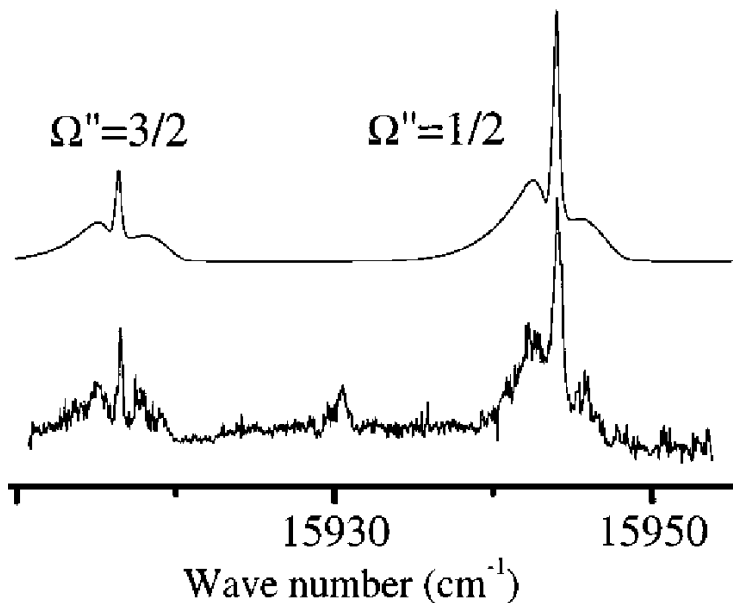
- First four stars from survey
 - Cyg OB2 12, HD 183143, HD 46711, HD 50064
- Confirmed features near 4 $A \leftarrow X$ bands
 - $\lambda 6270$, $\lambda 6065$, $\lambda 5610$, $\lambda 4964$
 - 2_0^1 “match” probably not a DIB
- Reasonable intensity correlation (4 bands)
- Wavelength shift for 1_0^1 band (2 \AA)

- Need better laboratory data
 - rotational, spin-orbit constants
- Need better observations
 - larger sample of stars
 - higher S/N

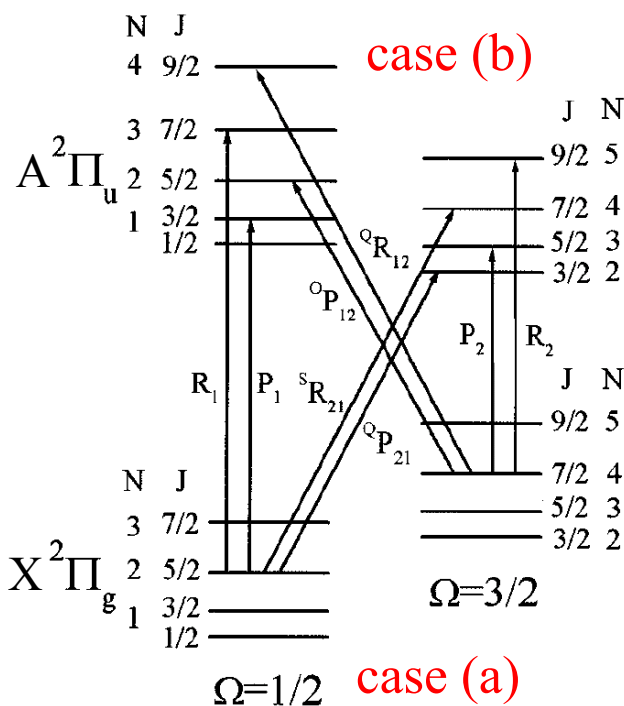
New Lab Results



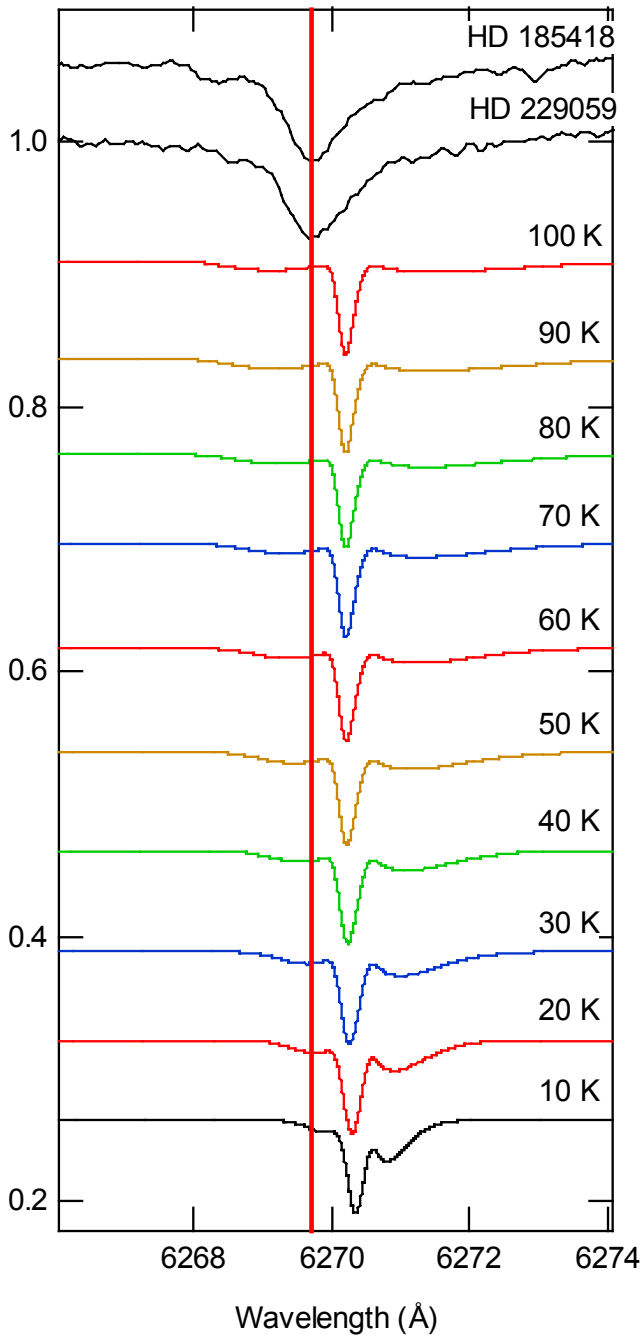
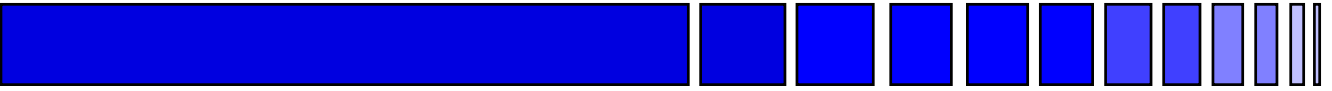
N. M. Lakin, M. Pachkov, M. Tulej, J. P. Maier, G. Chambaud, & P. Rosmus, JCP 113, 9586 (2000)



<u>Constant</u>	<u>Theory</u>	<u>Fit</u>
B'' (MHz)	897	(fixed)
B' (MHz)	887	(fixed)
A'' (cm ⁻¹)	26.8	27.4
A' (cm ⁻¹)	- 6.2	0.6



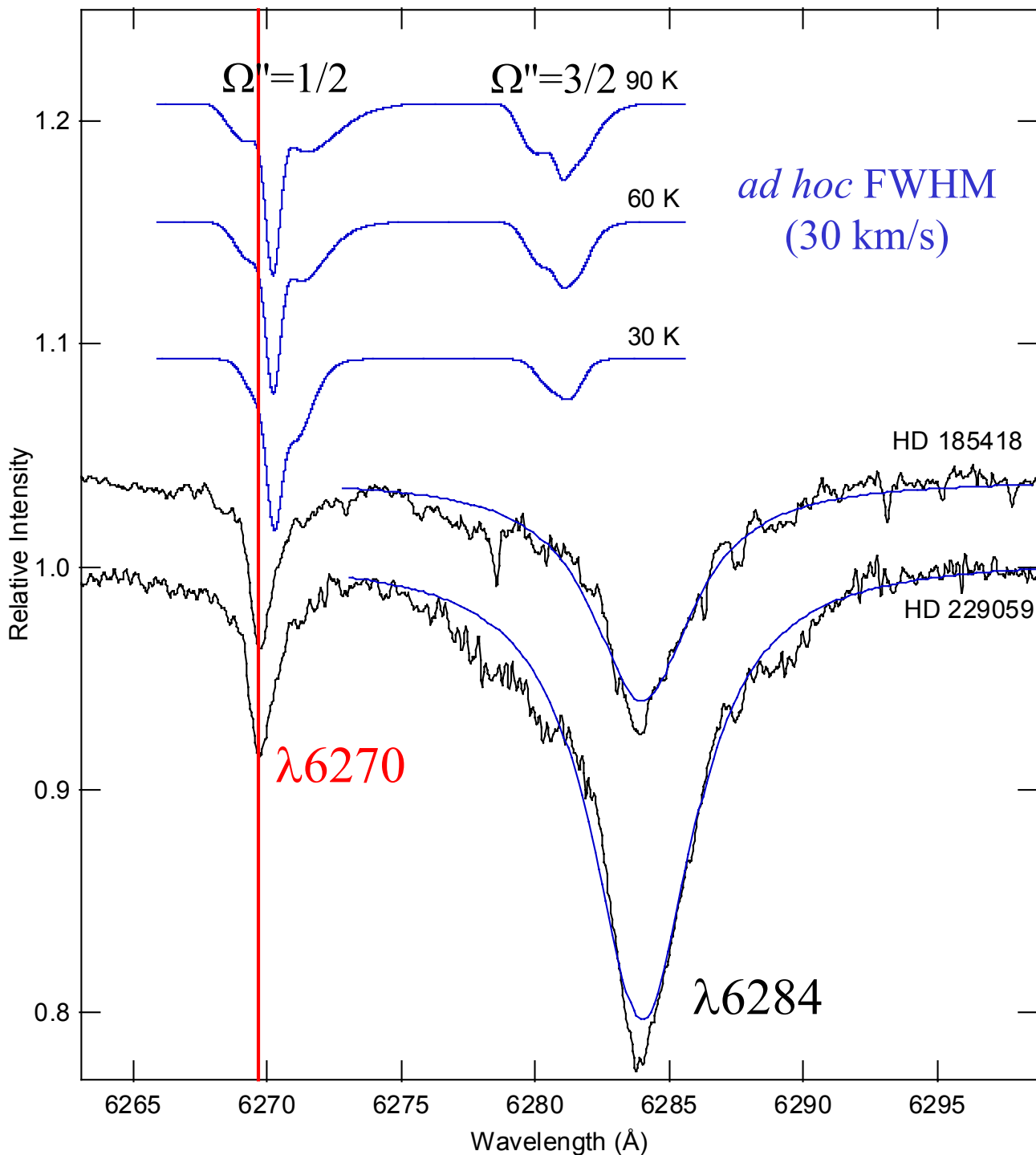
0_0^0 ($\Omega''=1/2$) & $\lambda 6270$



Interstellar K atom
velocity distribution
FWHM = 10 km/s

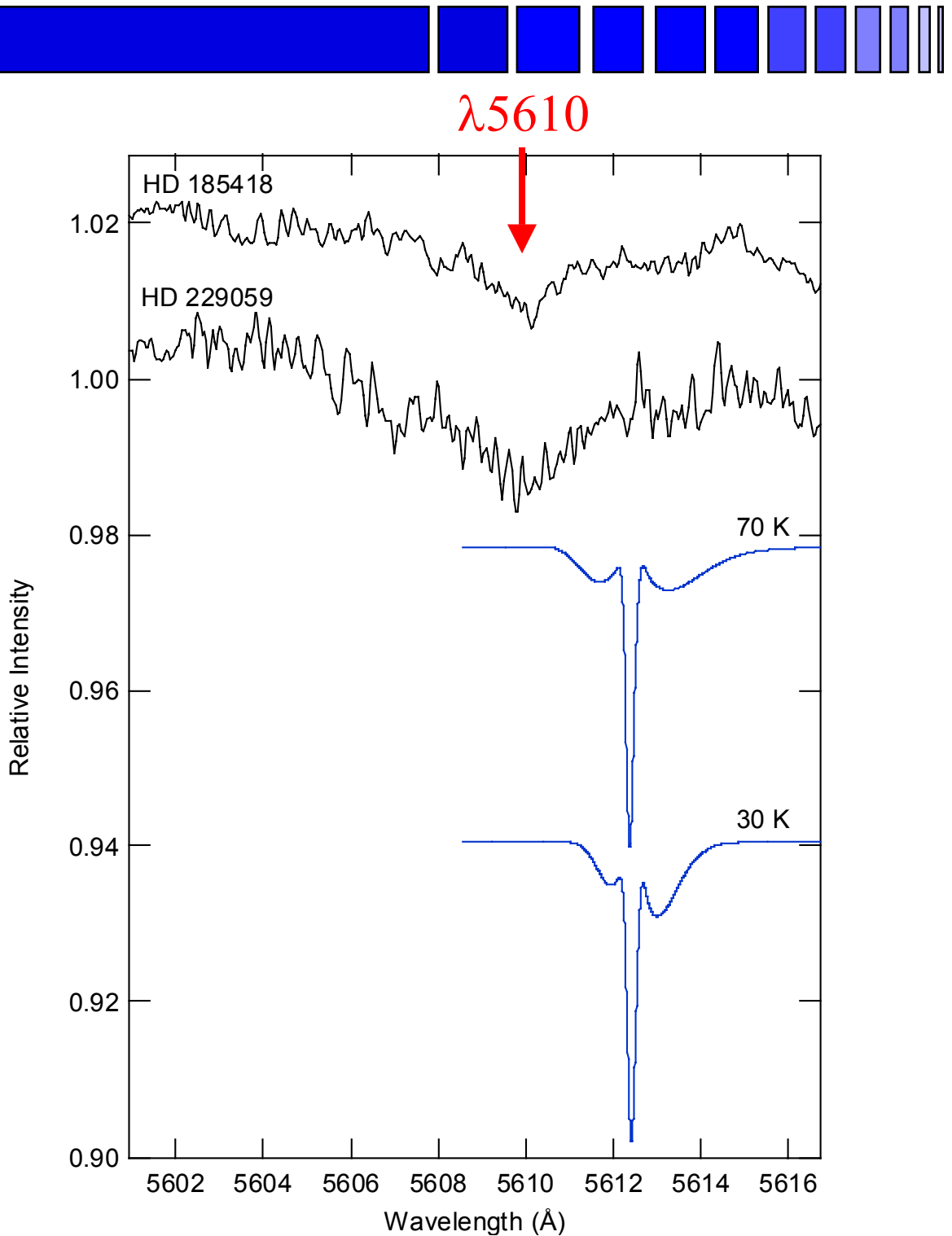
- Wavelength discrepancy
- Profile mismatch
($\lambda 6270$ too wide)

$$0_0^0 (\Omega''=3/2)$$



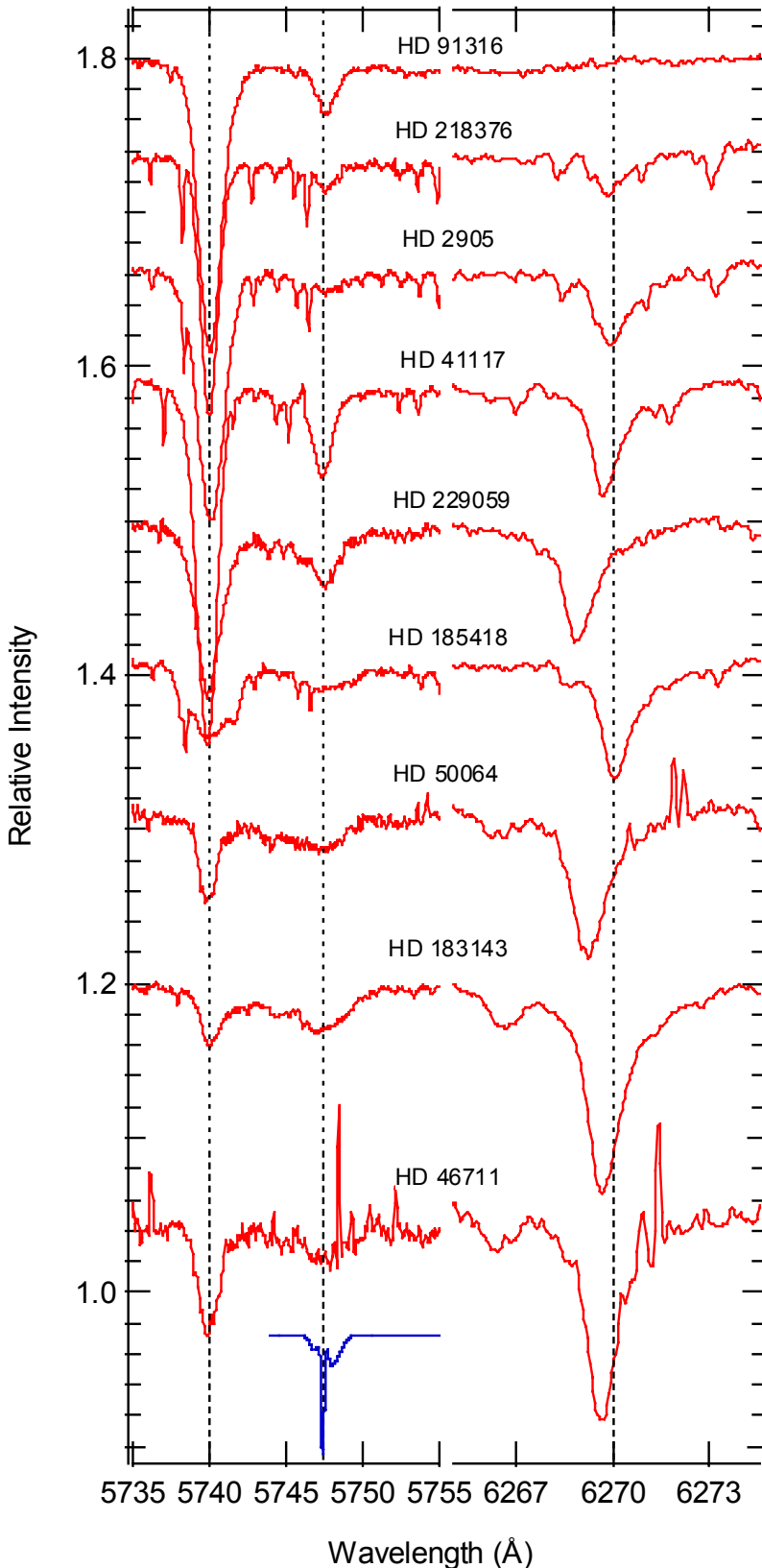
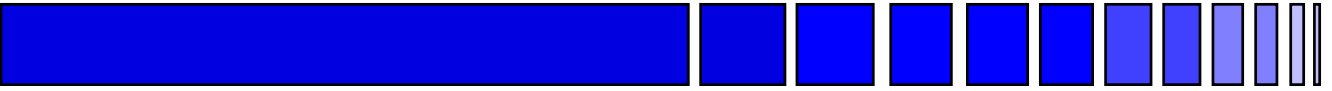
• No sign of $\Omega''=3/2$ component!

The 1_0^1 Band & $\lambda 5610$



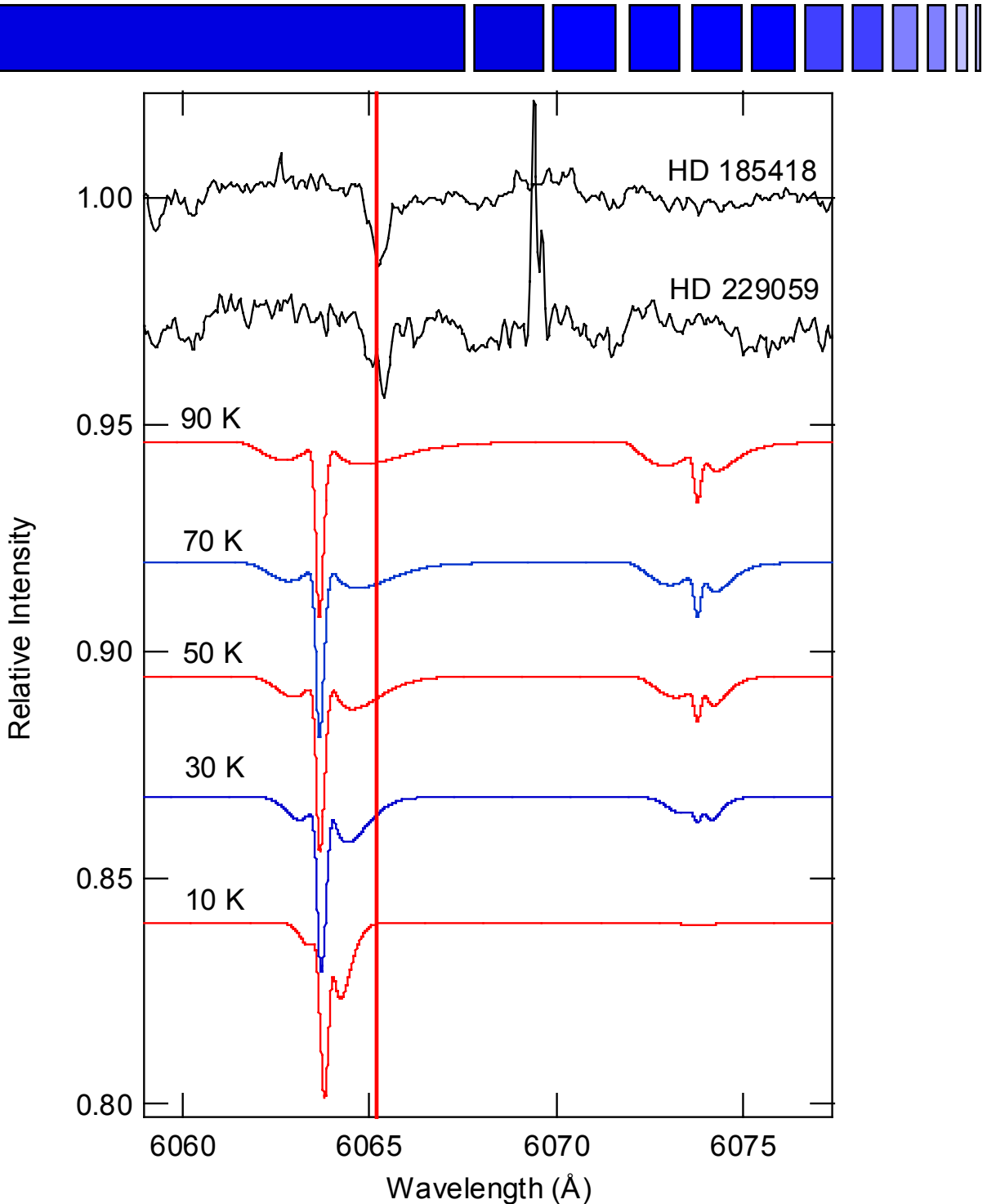
- Serious wavelength discrepancy
- Profile mismatch ($\lambda 5610$ too wide)

The 2^1_0 Band & $\lambda 5748$



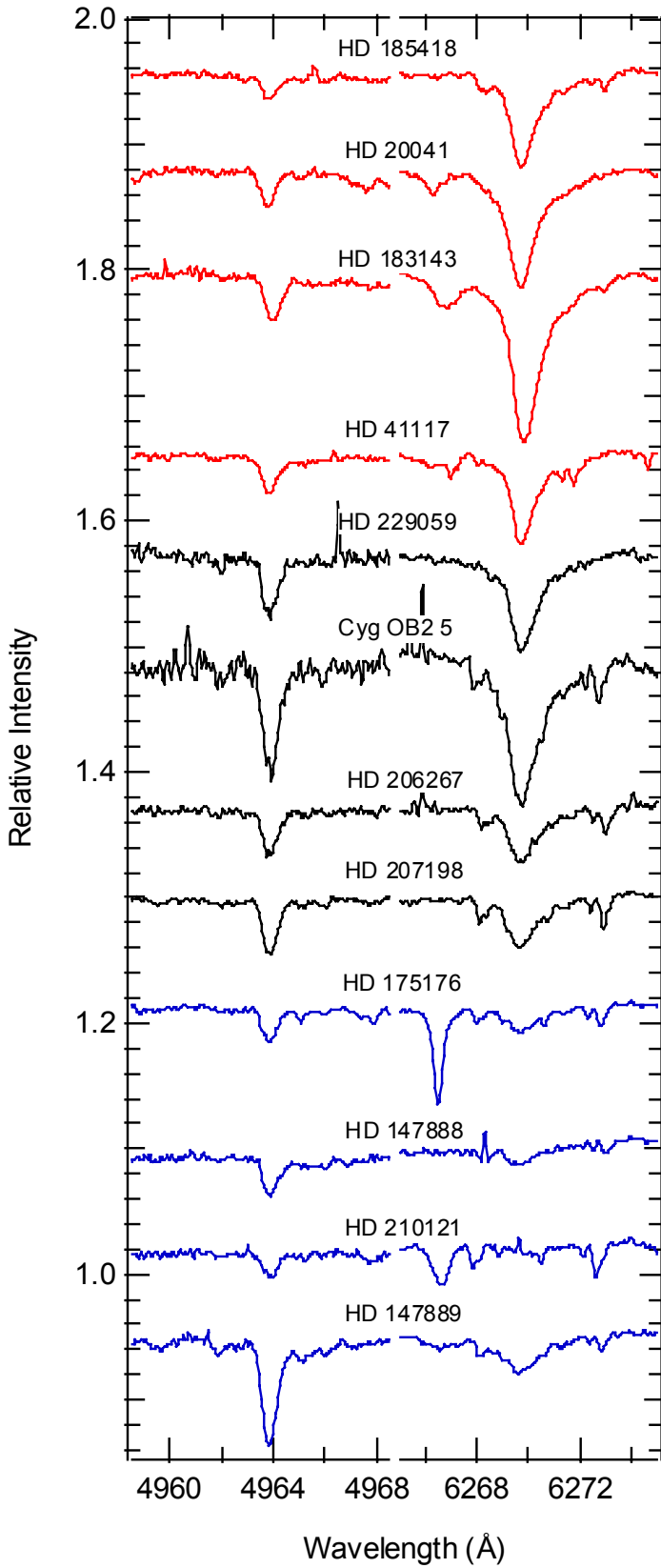
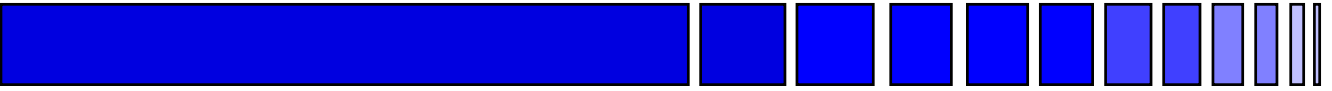
- Jenniskens claimed “certain” DIB $\lambda 5748$
- If spectra aligned by $\lambda 5748$, stellar lines at 5740 \AA all line up, and real DIB $\lambda 6270$ (“ 0^0 ”) no longer lines up!
- Appears in unreddened stars where DIB $\lambda 6270$ absent
- $\lambda 5748$ is a stellar line, not a DIB!
- Cannot be a match for C_7^-

The 3_0^1 Band & $\lambda 6065$



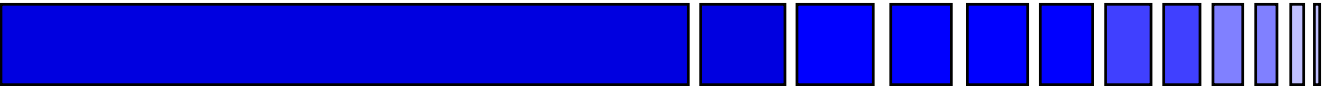
- Wavelength discrepancy
- Much narrower than $\lambda 6270$ (“ 0_0^0 ”)

The $1_0^2 3_0^1$ Band & $\lambda 4964$



- No new lab work
- DIB at 4964, old lab measurement was 4963
- Absolutely NO correlation with $\lambda 6270$ (“origin band”) !

Conclusions



- 0_0^0 [$\lambda 6270$] wavelength discrepancy ($\sim 0.5 \text{ \AA}$)
profile inconsistent (too wide)
 $\Omega''=3/2$ component not detected
- 1_0^1 [$\lambda 5610$] wavelength discrepancy ($\sim 2 \text{ \AA}$)
profile inconsistent (too wide)
- 2_0^1 [$\lambda 5748$] not a DIB
- 3_0^1 [$\lambda 6065$] wavelength discrepancy ($\sim 1 \text{ \AA}$)
much narrower than $\lambda 6270$
seems to correlate with $\lambda 6270$
- $1_0^2 3_0^1$ [$\lambda 4964$] not correlated with $\lambda 6270$!

C_7^- is **NOT** really
a DIB carrier!

